

End of the dispute concerning the widow's mite

Tax Alert

Dear Readers,

On 15 May 2017, the Supreme Administrative Court, composed of seven judges, adopted a resolution ending a dispute concerning the taxation of the real property sales made before the expiry of a five-year period from the death of one of the spouses (file ref. No. II FPS 2/17).

The dispute concerned the issue of whether in the event of the death of one of the spouses who acquired a real property to their common property a few years earlier, the other (surviving) spouse, in order to be able to sell the entire property without the obligation to pay personal income tax, is required to wait five years from the end of the year when the spouse acquired a share in the said real property through inheritance after his/her spouse (Art. 10(1)(8) of the PITA).

In the opinion of tax authorities, only a half of the real property may be sold in such a situation without tax. To sell the other half acquired after the death of the spouse, it is required to wait another five years, counting from the end of the year when the spouse died. Otherwise, it will be mandatory to pay 19% tax, unless the money from the sales will be earmarked for own residential purposes (Art. 21(1)(131) in connection with Art. 21 (25) of the PITA).

The case law on these matters was inconsistent. Some judges passed adjudications positive for taxable persons by claiming that joint marital property is indivisible, there are no shares therein and upon the acquisition of the real property to the joint property, each spouse acquires it in its entirety. Therefore, the date of acquisition should be counted from the date of the joint purchase or construction of the real property. That was the decision of, inter alia, the Provincial Administrative Court in Szczecin in the judgement of 17 February 2016 (file ref. No. I SA/Sz 1274/15), the Provincial Administrative Court in Bydgoszcz in the judgement of 24 May 2015 (file ref. No. I SA/Bd 55/15), as well as of the Provincial Administrative Court in Gdańsk in the judgement of 9 September 2014 (file ref. No. I SA/Gd 716/14). At the same time, however, some decisions of administrative courts indicated that joint property exists as long as both spouses are alive. And after the death of one of them, it is transformed into equal shares, and, consequently, at this moment, the surviving spouse acquires a half of the real property again. That, as a result, should lead to a different method of charging personal income tax due to the sale of real property in the part acquired during the marriage and the one that was acquired through inheritance. Such a position was presented, inter alia, by the Supreme Administrative Court in its judgement of 27 January 2016 (file ref. No. II FSK 2319/13) and in its judgement of 19 May 2016 (file ref. No. II FSK 1065/14).



The resolution passed on 15 May this year settled the said dispute in favour of taxable persons. In the opinion of the Supreme Administrative Court, the inheritance by a spouse of a share in the real property does not result in the repeated acquisition. Thus, the five-year time limit should be counted from the end of the year in which the spouses jointly purchased or constructed the real property.

RSM Poland is a member of RSM, the world's 6th largest network of independent advisory and auditing companies, with over 800 offices in more than 120 countries, employing over 41,000 professionals worldwide.

RSM Poland has been operating on the Polish market since 1991. Throughout this time we have gained vast knowledge and experience. We take pride in the unique team of professionals, counting among the best, that we were able to form.

Our company is shaped by our clients, whose requirements always take priority. That is why we offer comprehensive services tailored to meet individual needs. It is our clients who decide about the range of available services, while we give them opportunity for development and growth at every stage of their business.

Years of experience show that our approach is the key to mutual success.







Should you wish to discuss the above mentioned amendments in detail, feel free to contact us:

Tomasz BEGER

Tax Partner
Tax advisor (10197)
E: tomasz.beger@rsmpoland.pl
M: + 48 606 118 277

RSM Poland Droga Dębińska 3b 61-555 Poznań, Poland www.rsmpoland.pl office@rsmpoland.pl

RSM Poland BLOG



Practical guide to taxes and business. We invite you to read our publication!



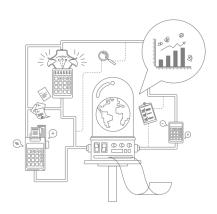




Please note that the presented text should not be understood as legal advice, as each individual case requires a separate, thorough analysis. Henceforth, RSM Poland Spółka Doradztwa Podatkowego S.A. and RSM Poland Audyt S.A. assume no liability in connection with use of information, advice and suggestions included in this publication.

© RSM Poland, 2017

28.06.2017



THE POWER OF BEING UNDERSTOOD AUDIT | TAX | CONSULTING

